Evidence Discussion (PV 8)

- Transabdominal pelvic and/or transvaginal pelvic ultrasound are widely accepted as the modality of choice for evaluation of the ovaries in patients with suspected polycystic ovarian syndrome (PCOS)[1,2,3,4]. Ultrasound allows for real-time evaluation of the pelvic anatomy, has wide availability, fast access, and lack of ionizing radiation exposure. It also allows for follicular count which will help establish the diagnosis of PCOS[1,2,3,4].
- Laboratory testing may point to other etiology of symptoms and may better direct additional imaging[1,2,3,4].
- Imaging for suspected adrenal pathology is addressed in the Abdominal Section of these guidelines.

References

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