



CLINICAL GUIDELINES

CMM-615: Electrical and Low Frequency Ultrasound Bone Growth Stimulation (Spine)

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EviCore
By ~~EVERNORTH~~

EviCore healthcare Clinical Decision Support Tool Diagnostic Strategies: This tool addresses common symptoms and symptom complexes. Imaging requests for individuals with atypical symptoms or clinical presentations that are not specifically addressed will require physician review. Consultation with the referring physician, specialist, and/or individual's Primary Care Physician (PCP) may provide additional insight.

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CMM-615.1: General Guidelines

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Application of Guideline

- The determination of medical necessity for the performance of electrical bone growth stimulation is always made on a case-by-case basis.
- For additional timing and documentation requirements, see **CMM-600.1: Prior Authorization Requirements**.
- For the purposes of this guideline, the following timeframes apply:
 - Invasive electrical bone growth stimulation refers to electrical bone growth stimulation inserted at the time of the surgery.
 - Non-invasive electrical bone growth stimulation refers to electrical bone growth stimulation applied beginning at any time from the time of surgery until up to six (6) months after surgery for fusions at risk of failure and after six (6) months after surgery for fusions that have failed.
 - **Criteria exception:** See below for timeframe exceptions related to **Urgent/Emergent Conditions/Indications**.

Urgent/Emergent Indications/Conditions

- The presence of urgent/emergent indications/conditions warrants definitive surgical treatment. **Imaging findings noted in the applicable procedure section(s) are required .**
 - The above timeframes for invasive and non-invasive electrical bone growth stimulation are not applicable to confirmed urgent/emergent indications/conditions for spine fusion surgery. See the Urgent/Emergent Indications/Conditions section of the applicable General Guidelines:
 - For anterior cervical fusion, see **CMM-601.1: General Guidelines**.
 - For posterior cervical fusion, see **CMM-604.1: General Guidelines**.
 - For lumbar fusion, see **CMM-609.1: General Guidelines**.
 - For thoracic or thoracolumbar fusion, see **CMM-614.1: General Guidelines**.

Health Equity Considerations

Health equity is the highest level of health for all individuals; health inequity is the avoidable difference in health status or distribution of health resources due to the social conditions in which individuals are born, grow, live, work, and age. Social determinants of health are the conditions in the environment that affect a wide range of health, functioning, and quality of life outcomes and risks. Examples include the following:

safe housing, transportation, and neighborhoods; racism, discrimination, and violence; education, job opportunities, and income; access to nutritious foods and physical activity opportunities; access to clean air and water; and language and literacy skills.

CMM-615.2: Indications

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CMM-615.2: Indications

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Associated with an Approved Spinal Fusion Surgery

Invasive or non-invasive electrical bone growth stimulation is considered **medically necessary** when ALL of the following criteria have been met:

- Performed for an associated approved spinal fusion surgery
- The individual is high risk for pseudoarthrosis within the first six (6) months after surgery as evidenced by the presence of ANY of the following risk factors for fusion failure:
 - alcohol use disorder (AUD)
 - Body mass index (BMI) >30
 - diabetes, renal disease, or other metabolic diseases when bone healing is likely to be compromised
 - glucocorticoid dependent
 - Meyerding Grade III or worse spondylolisthesis
 - multi-level spinal fusion including three (3) or more vertebrae
 - nutritional deficiency/malnutrition
 - one or more previously failed spinal fusion(s)
 - osteoporosis or osteopenia (T-score of < -1.0) on a recent (within one year) DEXA
 - severe anemia
 - smoking history
 - immunocompromised status

Treatment for Individuals with Failed Spinal Fusion

Non-invasive electrical bone growth stimulation is considered **medically necessary** as a treatment for individuals with failed spinal fusion when BOTH of the following criteria have been met:

- A minimum of six (6) months has passed since the date of the original fusion surgery.
- Serial plain X-rays or appropriate imaging studies confirm there is no evidence of progression of healing/consolidation of the spinal fusion for three (3) months during the later portion of the six (6) month post-fusion surgery period.

CMM-615.3: Non-Indications

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CMM-615.3: Non-Indications

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Not Medically Necessary

- Invasive and non-invasive electrical bone growth stimulation performed without meeting the criteria in the **General Guidelines** (when applicable for urgent/emergent conditions) and the criteria in the applicable **Indications** section are considered **not medically necessary**.
- Invasive and non-invasive electrical bone growth stimulation are considered **not medically necessary** for ALL of the following:
 - acute or chronic lumbar spondylolysis (pars interarticularis defect) with or without spondylolisthesis
 - failed cervical or lumbar disc arthroplasty
 - spinal malignancy
 - as non-surgical treatment of an established pseudoarthrosis
- Low-intensity ultrasound bone growth stimulation is considered **not medically necessary** based on a lack of sufficient evidence of efficacy.

Experimental, Investigational, or Unproven (EIU)

- Semi-invasive electrical bone growth stimulation is considered **experimental, investigational, or unproven** for ANY spinal indication based on a lack of sufficient evidence of efficacy.

Codes (CMM-615)

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Codes (CMM-615)

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The inclusion of any code in this table does not imply that the code is under management or requires prior authorization. Refer to the applicable health plan for management details. Prior authorization of a code listed in this table is not a guarantee of payment. The Certificate of Coverage or Evidence of Coverage policy outlines the terms and conditions of the member's health insurance policy.

Code	Code Description/Definition
20974	Electrical stimulation to aid bone healing; noninvasive (nonoperative)
20975	Electrical stimulation to aid bone healing; invasive (operative)
20979	Low intensity ultrasound stimulation to aid bone healing, noninvasive (nonoperative)
E0748	Osteogenesis stimulator; electrical, noninvasive, spinal applications
E0749	Osteogenesis stimulator; electrical, surgically implanted
E0760	Osteogenesis stimulator; low intensity ultrasound, non-invasive

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